## Free Range Gathering 2025 Risk Management Plan

Organisation	Free R	ange Events Pty. Ltd.	Date risk assessment completed:					
Risk Assessment Undertaken by	James -	es Caffery, Charlie Dimoff, Ben Mouat All directors of Free Range Events						
Manager Responsible:	Charlie	e Dimoff						
Risk Owners – Officers responsible for managing the risk	Free R	ange Events Directors	Officers responsible for managing risk treatments	Free Range Events Directors				
Details								
Risk assessmen activities to be c out: E.G. Directorate / Agency / Busines Risk Managemen or Project / Under Risk Managemen	arried s Unit of Plan rtaking	Event risk assessment u	undertaken by the Free	Range Events company directors.				
Define the Activit Provide a summa definition of the a process, function, project, product o service in terms o location in additio goals and objectiv	nrised ctivity, or of time, on to	will be hosting an outdoor Road, 2611. The festival includes live workshops, coffee and fe area for the duration of the medical staff present thr The goals of the event at incredible talent of local minimal waste creation at materials to create unique educate our patrons in p	or artistic gathering at t e music, live performan ood vans. Patrons will the event, with Free Ra oughout the entire eve are to foster community artists. Being a sustair and impact on the land ue safe spaces for com- proper waste managem	camp in a designated camping ange crew, volunteers, security and				
Scope Set the paramete the Risk Manager process which ind specifics of the activities to be ca out – what is to be included and wha not to be included considered in this	<ul> <li>hoise management and intoxication.</li> <li>Monitor event risks throughout the day and log any inappropriate treatments</li> <li>(which will show as injuries or disruption to plans). In response to any logged</li> <li>incidents, changes will be made to the risk management plan as the event</li> <li>progresses.</li> <li>After the event a review of the risk management may be created upon request. A</li> <li>the debriefing, improvements for future events will be identified and successful</li> </ul>							

Element / event /	Hazard / aspect	Risk / impact	Initial	Risk Rati	ng	Control measures	Residu	al Risk Ra	ating	Risk Owner
activity / job step			L'H	Cons	Rating		L'H	Cons	Rating	
People Risks							-		-	
Claims made against organiser for incidents or accidents as result of event activities	Performers cause harm to patrons Harm (physical, emotional, mental) caused by attending event and engaging in its activities	<ul> <li>Potential serious injury or death</li> <li>Financial penalty for event organisers</li> <li>Workplace Safety contraventions</li> <li>Bad image and reputational damage for the event</li> <li>Increased insurance costs</li> </ul>	3	Major	High	<ul> <li>Insurance cover taken out prior to the event which includes public liability.</li> <li>Public liability insurance contracted through Insurance.</li> <li>Performers have their own personal liability insurance</li> <li>Paramedics and security on site for the duration of the event.</li> <li>Trained first aid and overdose management volunteers for the duration of opening hours of the event.</li> <li>Management plan for seizures on site (e.g.immediate stoppage of stage lighting, strobes and lasers etc.)</li> <li>Incident reporting book at main gate/operations area.</li> </ul>	1	Minor	Low	Event Organisers
			3	Mod	Medium		2	Mod	Medium	
			3	Mod	Medium		3	Mod	Medium	
Health Risks				•		•				•
Extreme heat conditions	Event date on a hot period of the year	Dehydration, Hyperthermia, UV light exposure for workers, volunteers, performers etc	3	Minor	Medium	Security and Event managers monitoring patrons and ready to provide first aid and call emergency if any patron has heat strokes.	3	Minor	Medium	

Element / event /	Hazard / aspect	Risk / impact	Initial	Risk Rati	ing	Control measures	Residu	Risk Own		
activity / job step			L'H	L'H Cons Ra		1		Cons	Rating	
Other extreme conditions on the day of the event (torrential rain, heavy winds, etc.)	Events date on a hot period of the year with significant storm activities	Extreme winds/rain causing uplift of equipment potentially injuring patrons/volunteers/ performers Damage to artwork and infrastructure Financial risk against event organiser Bad image for the event and ACT Government Increased insurance costs	4	Minor	Medium	Patrons to be evacuated from event area in the event of forecasted torrential rain, thunderstorms or severe winds. Structures have engineering certificates and damage thresholds are monitored by contractors doing regular checks on event structure.	4	Minor	Medium	
Medical emergency	Anybody at the event faces a significant medical emergency requiring an ambulance	Potential claim against event organiser if First Aiders are unable to reach emergency	3	Major	High	Ongoing monitoring for medical emergencies Adequate access for medical vehicles First aid trained staff on site	3	Mod	Medium	
Ι			3	Mod	Medium		2	Minor	Low	
			3	Major	High		3	Mod	Medium	
Workplace Safety Risks	·	·								
Power failure	Overload of power supply Battery or generator malfunction/run out of petrol	Event activities do not go ahead Public Scrutiny Bad image for the event and ACT Government	4	Minor	Medium	Decentralised power outlets All cabling and equipment is checked prior to event Cable tray, proper cable cover used to avoid trip hazards and power outages.	3	Minor	Medium	

Rat	ing	Risk Owner
	Rating	
or	Medium	
d	Medium	
or	Low	
d	Medium	
or	Medium	

Element / event /	Hazard / aspect	Risk / impact	Initial I	Risk Rati	ng	Control measures	Residua	al Risk Ra	ting	Risk Owner
activity / job step			L'H	Cons	Rating		L'H	Cons	Rating	
Trip hazards	Unsafe temporary structures are erected Uneven ground, loose surfaces Unsignalled trip hazards	Potential serious injury Financial penalty for event organisers – liability claims Damage to artworks Workplace Safety contraventions Public Scrutiny - bad image for the event and ACT Government	3	Major	High	Current Workplace Safety laws apply An assessment of the surface area will be undertaken prior to the erection of temporary structures and displays Signage displayed to guide patrons away from uneven surfaces and onto safer pathways	2	Major	Medium	
Collapse of staging, marquees, structures etc	Not erected according to AS and manufacturer specifications Additional items added after staging is erected Excessive equipment added to the stage beyond the agreed amount Excessive number of people on stage	Potential serious injury or death Financial penalty for event organisers – liability claims Public Scrutiny - bad image for the event and ACT Government	2	Major	High	Engaged professional staging experts Structures will have engineering sign off and are setup by experienced professionals All trussing is built to Australian Standards and manufacture specifications Structures are continuously monitored, particularly in extreme weather conditions	2	Minor	Medium	

Element / event /	Hazard / aspect	Risk / impact	Initial	Risk Rat	ting	Control measures	Residual Ris	
activity / job step			L'H	Cons	Rating		L'H	Cons
			+					
Regulatory Risks								
			3	Major	High		1	Mo
	Event organiser not	Emergency services blocked when						
	leaving the exit clear	emergency access needed						
Obstructed Exit	Contractors blocking exit					Security to ensure exit pathways remain unobstructed and emergency access kept clear		
	Vehicles or bins	Potential for serious injury						
	obstructing exit	'Crush' effect						

	Residua	I Risk Rat	ting	Risk Owner
		1	Rating	
	1	Mod	Low	
and				

Element / event / activity / job step	Hazard / aspect	Risk / impact	Initial I	Initial Risk Rating Con L'H Cons Rating		Control measures	Residual Risk Rating			Risk Owner
			L'H				L'H	Cons	Rating	



# ACT Government **Risk Matrix**

			•				Сопте que по е			
D,			$\Delta$		in significant	Minor	Moderate	Major	Catal trophic	
		People		Minorinjury or First Aid Treatment Case.	Serious injury causing hospitalisation or multiple medical treatment cases.	Life threatening injury or multiple serious injuries causing hospitalisation.	Death or multiple life threatening injuries.			
1	Australian Ca	apital Territory Insuranc	e Authority	Reputation & Image	Internal Review	Scrutiny required by internal committees or internal audit to prevent	Scrutiny required by external committees or ACT Auditor General's	Intense public, political and media scrutiny. Eg: front page headlines, TV, etc.	Assembly inquiryor Commission of inquiry or adverse national media.	
ľ	Gaster	rnment		En vironm entai	Limited effect to something of low significance	Transient, minor effects	Moderate, short-term environmental harm	Significant, medium-term environmental harm	Long term environmental harm	
			'	Cultural & Heritage	Low-level repairable damage to commonplace structures	Mostly repairable damage	Permanent da mage to items of cultural significance	Significant damage to structures or items of cultural significance	Irreparable damage to highly valued items of cultural significance	
k Matrix			S Y TO M	Minorerrons in systems or processes Policy procedural rule occasionally not requiring corrective action, or minor met or services do not fully meet needs. delay without impact on overall schedule.		requirements not met. Inconvenient but	requirements not met. Inconvenient but Government's agenda. Trends show			
				Anancial	1% of Budget or 솏5K	25% of Budget or -\$50K	5	> 10% of Budget or <\$5M	>25% of Budget or>\$5M	
			Frequency	Matric	ť	2	3	4	5	
	be∎pected to occur in most	Once a quarte ror more	51 in 10	5	Medium	High	High	Estreme	Estreme	
	Will probably occur	Once a year or more	1 in 10- 100	4	Medium	Medium	High	High	Estreme	
	Mightoccuretsome time in the future	Once energi 1 - 5 years	1 in 100- 1,000	3	Low	Medium	Medium	High	Ertreme	
	Could occur but doubtful	Once enery 5-20 years	1 in 1,000 - 10,000	2	Low	Medium	Medium	High	High	
	May occur but only in esceptional circumstances	Once enery 20 - 100 years	1 in 10,000 - 100,000	ť	Low	Low	Medium	Medium	High	

#### Risk Control Effective ness

Almo∎t

C≽rtsin

Likely

Possible

Unii ke iy

Rare

Control Effectiveness	Guide
Adequate	Nothing more to be done except review and monitor the existing controls. Controls are well designed for the risk, are largely preventative and address the root causes and Management believes that they are effective.
Room for improvement	Most Controls are designed correctly and are in place and effective however there aresome controls that are either not correctly designed or are not very effective. There may be an over- reliance on reactive controls. Some more work to be done to improve operating.
Inadequate	Significant control gaps or no credible control. Either controls do not treat root causes or they do not operate effectively. Controls if they exist are just reactive. Management has no confidence that any degree of control is being achieved due to poor control design and/or very limited operational effectiveness.

Priority For Attention

Priority	Suggested Timing of Treatment	Authority for controlled tolerance of risk
Extreme	Short term — normally within one month Detailed action plan required	Director General
High	Medium Term – normally within three months Needssenior management attention	Senior Executive
Medium	Normally within 1 year Specify management responsibility	Managers
Low	Ongoing control as part of a management system. Manage by routine procedures	AllStaff

### Priority for Attention - Action

Every care should be taken to act as soon as possible to implement risk control measures where even possible onto take action to fix the problem Extreme Risks and High Risks especially where the risk relates to people & personal injury require us to act immediately to take steps to fix the problem.

\*\* The suggested timing of treatment does not mean that immediate action ought not be taken or that the timing can not be completed sooner than suggested.

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#### Note:

When identifying, analysing and rating risk consideration should be given, but not necessarily limited to, the attached catagories of risk and the suggested examples of frequency and consequences.